

Literary Analysis

SHAKESPEAREAN SONNET

A **Shakespearean sonnet** consists of three **quatrains**, followed by a rhymed **couplet**. A turn, or shift, in thought often occurs in the third quatrain or the couplet. The rhyme scheme is *abab cdcd efef gg*.

Directions: For each sonnet listed, tell whether the turn, or shift in thought, occurs in the third quatrain or in the rhymed couplet. Then explain the nature of the turn. An example has been done for you.

Sonnet	Location of the Turn	Speaker Changes Thought
18	third quatrain	from: summer doesn't last to: you will last forever
29		from: to:
130		from: to: